

YEAR	#	UNIT	QUESTION
1980	3	VI	How did social and political conditions in eighteenth-century Western Europe prior to 1788 influence the ideas of the Enlightenment?
1982	3	VI	Compare and contrast the cultural values of the Enlightenment with those of the sixteenth-century Northern Renaissance.
1983	3	VI	In what ways did Enlightenment thinkers build on or make use of the ideas of Newton and Locke?
1984	3	VI	Compare and contrast the views of Machiavelli and Rousseau on human nature and the relationship between government and the governed.
1984	4	VI	How did the developments in scientific thought from Copernicus to Newton create a new conception of the universe and humanity's place in it?
1988	4	VI	In the eighteenth century, people turned to the new science for a better understanding of the social and economic problems of the day. Assess the validity of this statement by using specific examples from the Enlightenment era.
1990	4	VI	Analyze the ways in which specific intellectual and scientific developments of the seventeenth and eighteenth centuries contributed to the emergence of the religious outlook known as "Deism".
1991	3	VI	Describe the new astronomy of the sixteenth and seventeenth centuries and analyze the ways in which it changed scientific thought and methods.
1994	4	VI	Analyze the ways in which Enlightenment thought addressed religious beliefs and social issues in the 18th century.
1998	5	VI	To what extent did the Enlightenment express optimistic ideas in the eighteenth-century? Illustrate your answer with references to specific individuals and their works."
1999	5	VI	Machiavelli suggested that a ruler should behave both like a lion and like a fox. Analyze the policies of at least TWO of the following European rulers, indicating the degree to which they successfully followed Machiavelli's suggestion. Elizabeth I of England Henry IV of France
2000	7	VI	Explain the development of the scientific method in the seventeenth century and the impact of scientific thinking on traditional sources of authority.

2002	3	VI	Analyze at least TWO factors that account for the rise and TWO factors that explain the decline of witchcraft persecution and trials in Europe in the period from 1580 to 1750.
2003b	4	VI	Describe and analyze the influence of the Enlightenment on both elite culture and popular culture in the eighteenth century.
2004	6	VI	Assess the impact of the Scientific Revolution on religion and philosophy in the period 1550 to 1750.
2005b	2	VI	Account for the growth and decline of European witch hunts in the period 1500 to 1650.
2006b	6	VI	Analyze the intellectual foundations of religious toleration in eighteenth-century Europe.